

# Massachusetts Stream Flows

How to have a water crisis amid  
**Now "THAT'S Uncertainty**  
44" of annual precipitation

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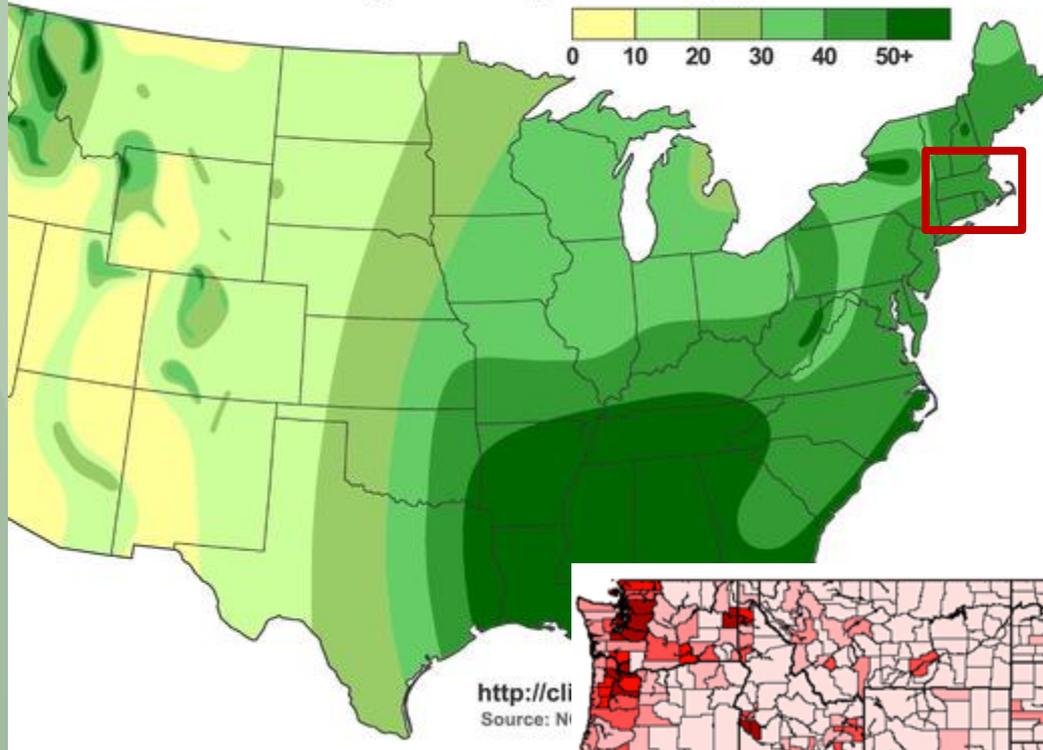


A photograph of a small, clear stream flowing through a dense forest. The water is shallow and reflects the surrounding greenery. A large, moss-covered log lies across the stream, partially submerged. The banks are covered in ferns and other lush vegetation. Sunlight filters through the trees, creating dappled light on the water and forest floor.

# Presentation Organization

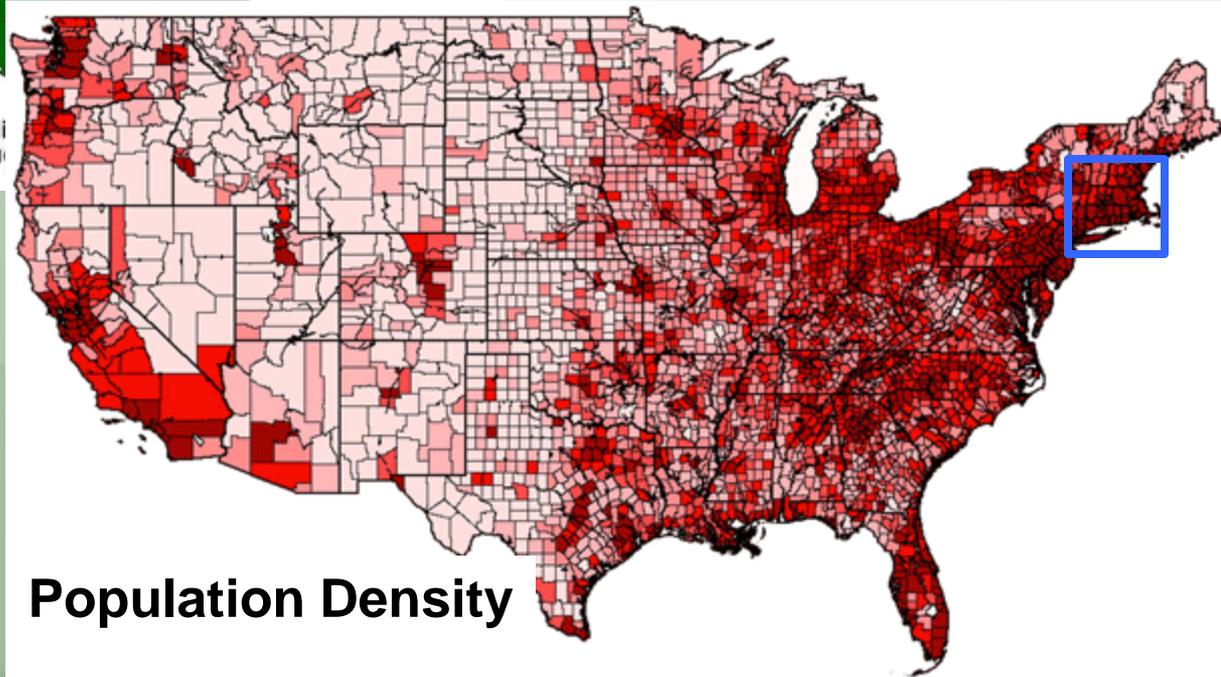
- Orientation
- Water use
- Water policy
- Tools for minimizing uncertainty

## Annual Average Precipitation (in)



**Massachusetts receives  
nearly 44" (1.1 m) of  
precipitation annually**

**Massachusetts also has  
6.7 Million residents**





# Massachusetts' Regulatory Setting

- Regulated Riparianism
- 15,000 permitted groundwater wells
- 150 surface water supply reservoirs



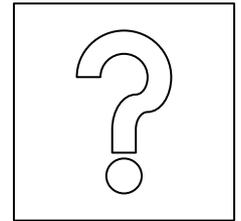
# Why did Massachusetts need Water Policy Revisions?

- Rivers and streams have shown flow impacts from water withdrawals, impervious cover and other factors.



# Why did Massachusetts need Water Policy Revisions?

- Disputes over water allocation have led to costly litigation, long delays and lack of certainty in water withdrawal permit decisions
- By court order, the MassDEP/ Water Management Act Program's "safe yield" issue was remanded back to MassDEP for a redetermination of safe yield.



**Water  
Withdrawal  
Permit**



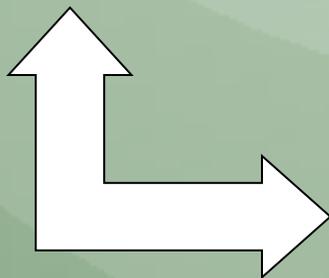
# Sustainable Water Management Initiative

## Advisory Committee



Stakeholder Buy-In

Technical Subcommittee



# Consensus

- Recognize the importance of existing water supply
- Keep conditions from getting worse
- Require suitable mitigation if they do get worse
- Protect the “Best of the Best”
  - Least Altered Conditions
  - Coldwater Fishery Resources

**Minimize *uncertainty* using a series of common sense statements supported by science**

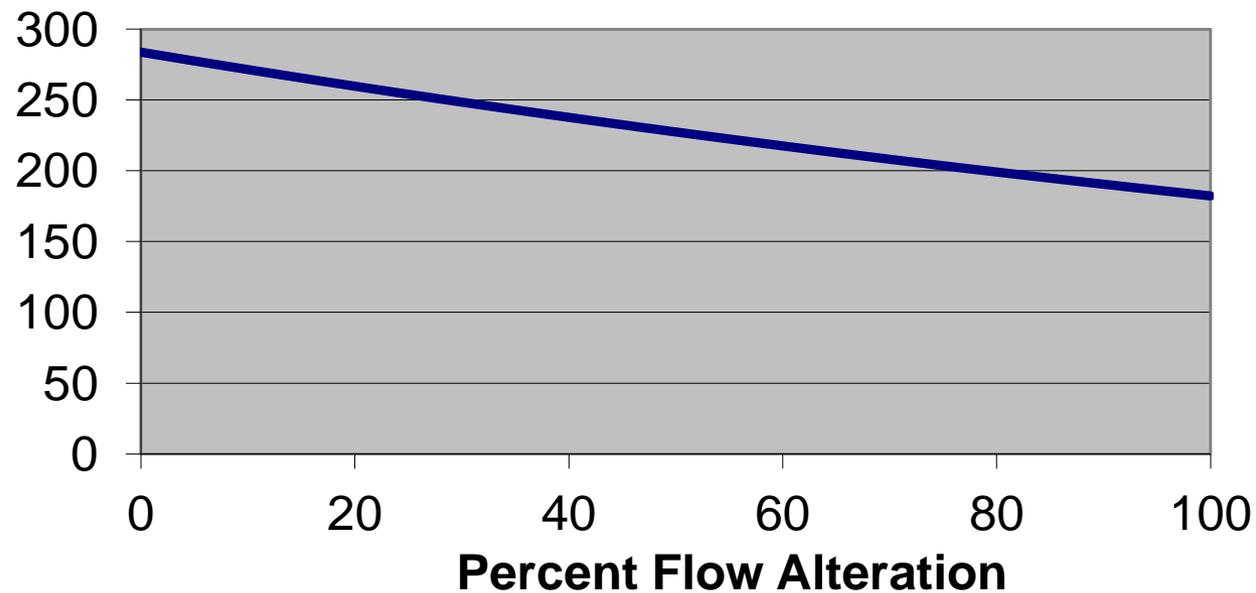
# Minimizing Uncertainty

- Increases in flow alteration cause decreases in fish communities

**True** or False



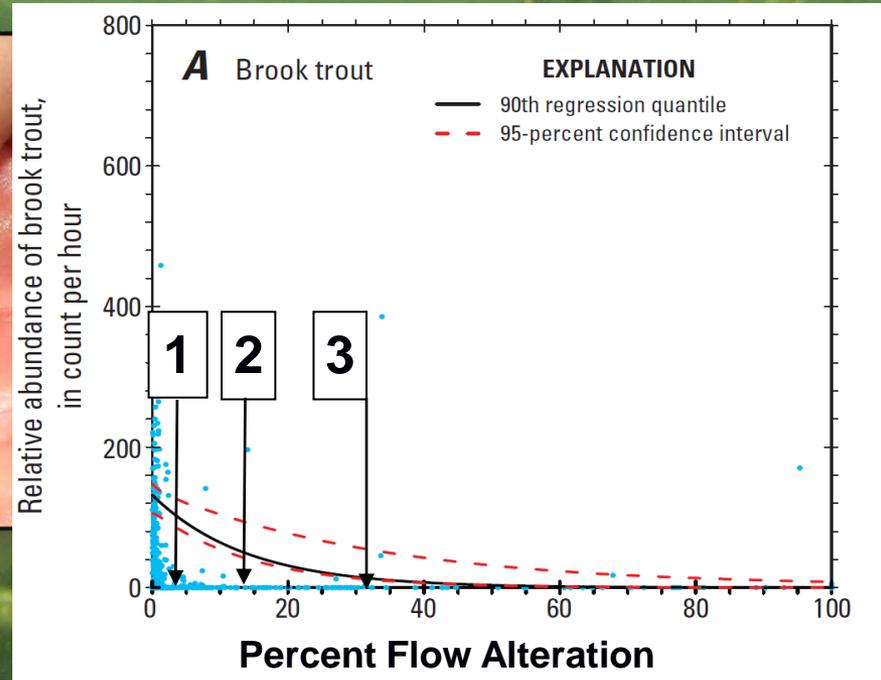
## Riverine Fish Abundance



# Minimizing Uncertainty

- Not all species respond the same.
- More sensitive species or life stages need more protection.

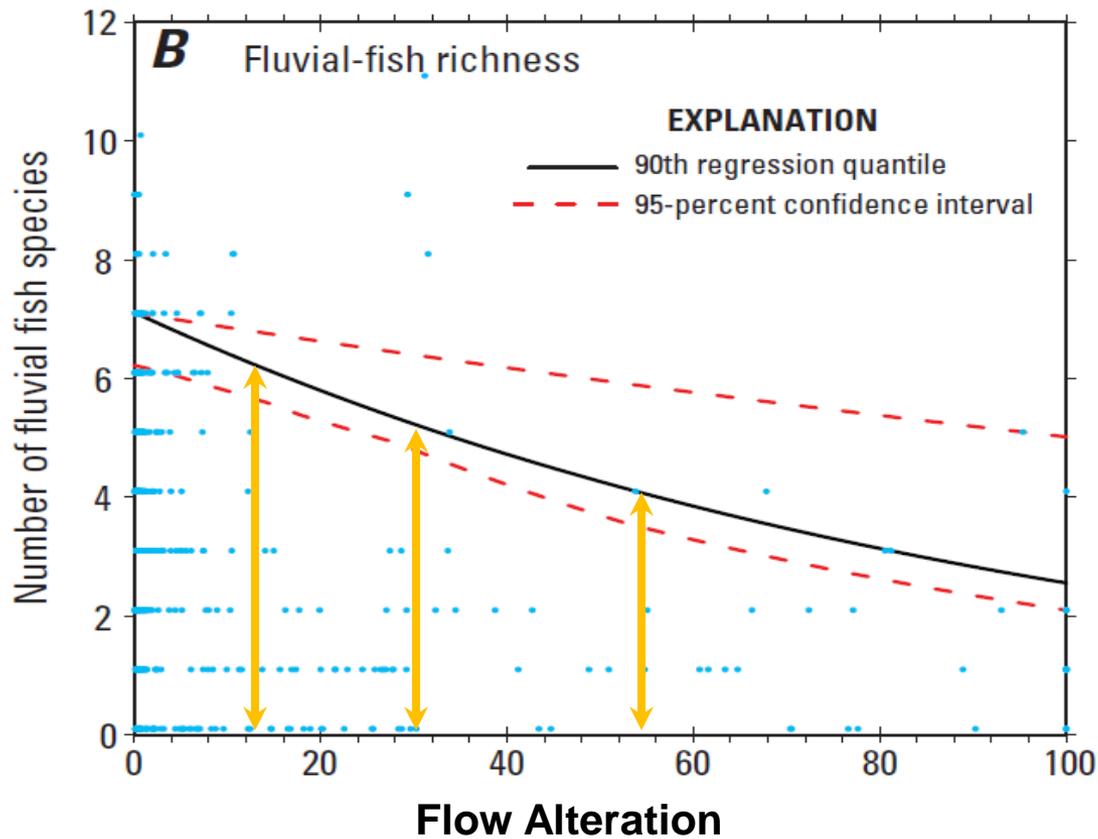
**True or False**



# Minimizing Uncertainty

- Loss of species is bad.

**True or False**



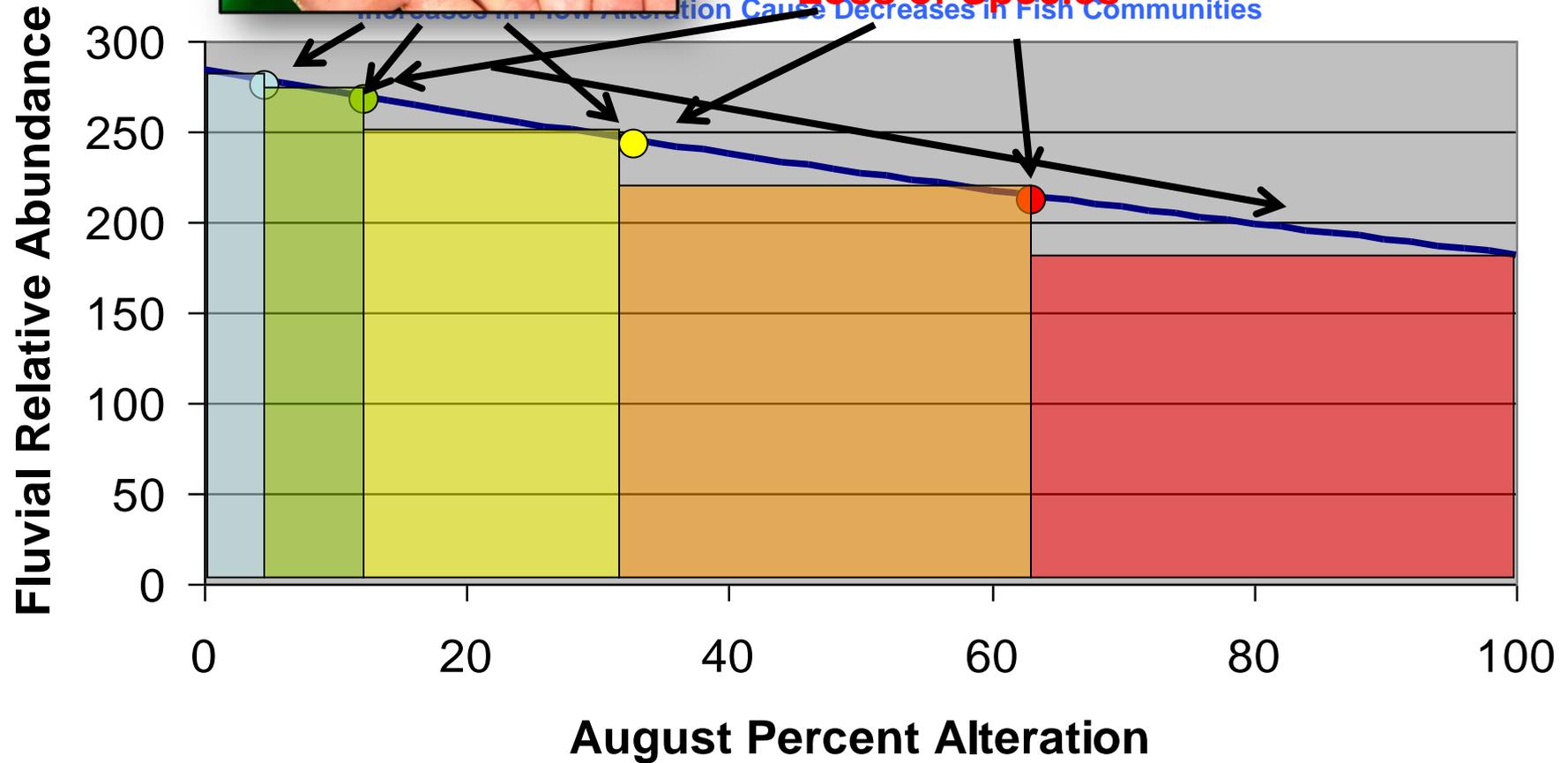
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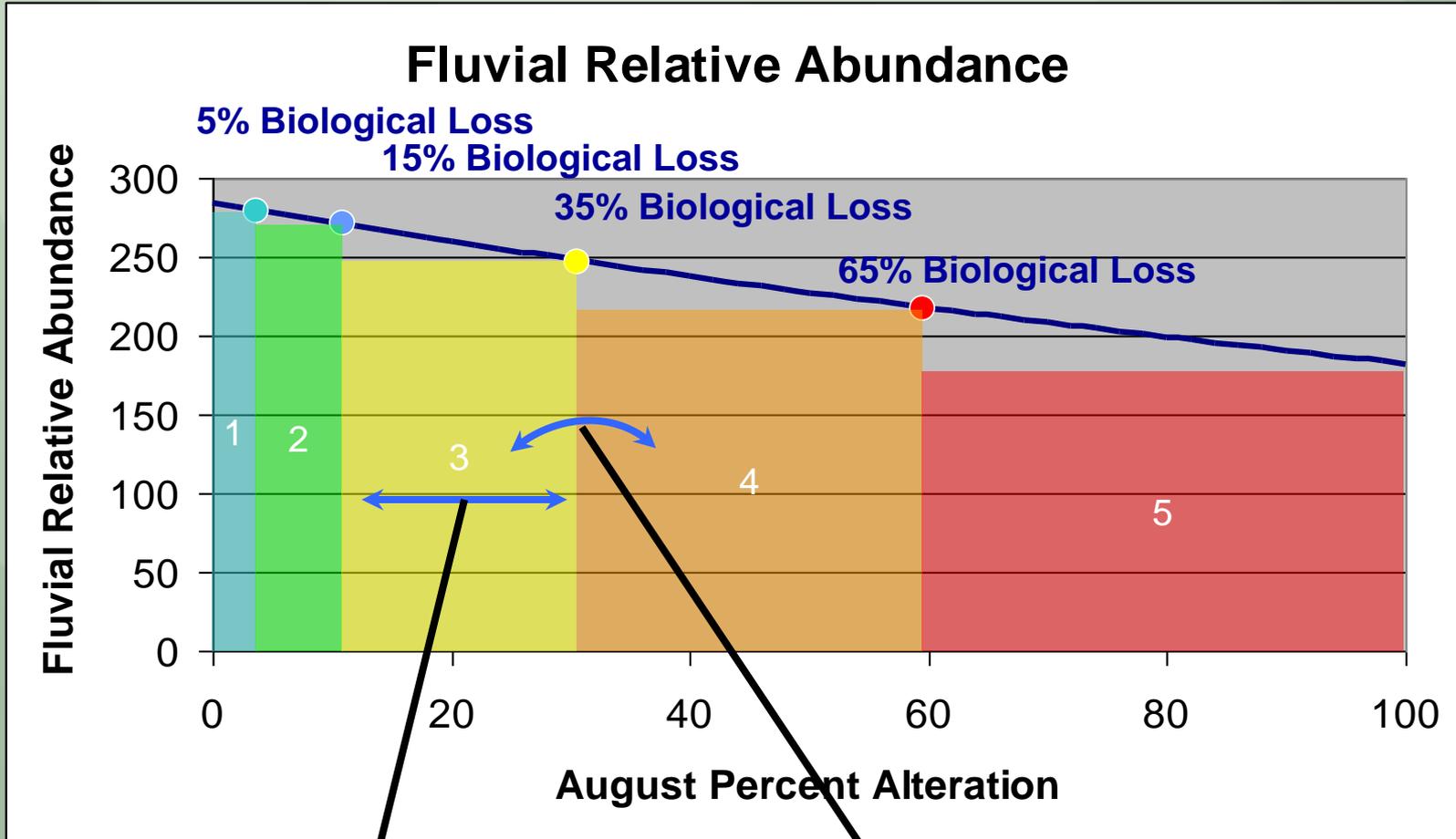


## Relative Abundance

Loss of Species

Increases in Flow Alteration Cause Decreases in Fish Communities

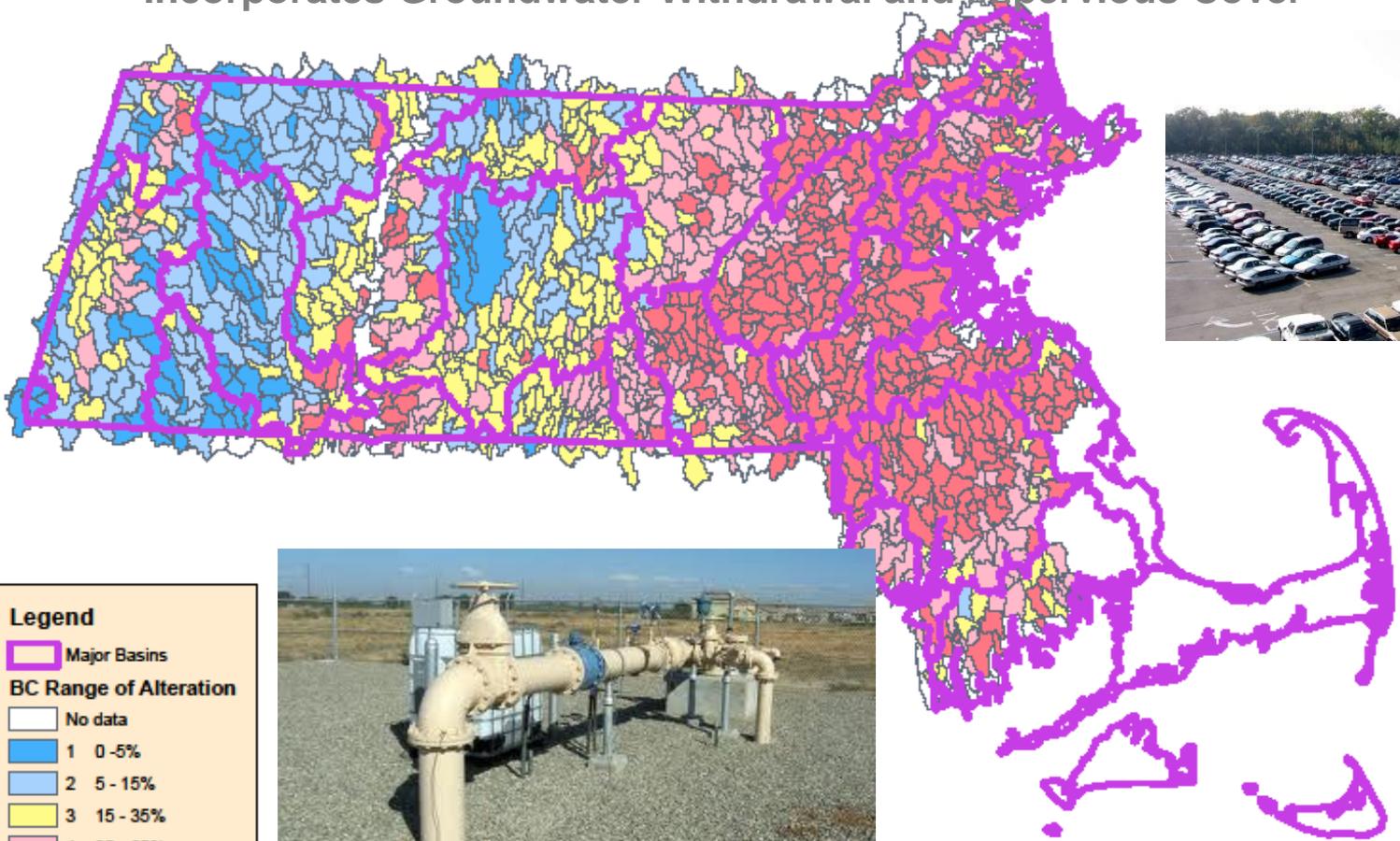




Mitigation required for increase withdrawal within category

Additional Mitigation required Increase that results in a change in category

**Biological Category**  
**Sustainable Water Management Initiative (SWMI)**  
Incorporates Groundwater Withdrawal and Impervious Cover



**Legend**

- Major Basins

**BC Range of Alteration**

No data
1 0 - 5%
2 5 - 15%
3 15 - 35%
4 35 - 65%
5 > 65%

# Summary

- Develop a tool for Management
  - Fish Community Attributes & Flow Alteration Measure
- Build consensus among stakeholders
  - Flow alteration results in habitat alteration
  - Protect coldwater fisheries
  - Prevent loss of species
- Use a series of common sense statements, to supported by science to address uncertainty

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